

WEISER SEMI-WEEKLY SIGNAL

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NUMBER 11

GERMANS END PASSIVE RESISTANCE

Give Up The Struggle In the Ruhr and Call On the People To Support the Government In This Policy

BERLIN—President Ebert and Chancellor Stresemann announced in a formal proclamation Wednesday that the German government had been compelled through bitter necessity to end the Ruhr battle. Adherence to passive resistance, said the document, would have brought on the economic collapse of the German people.

The government appeals to the nation to stand by the republic in its present hour of sovereign spirit. Searching and material privation as only thus can the nation's honor and life be conserved. The proclamation lays emphasis on the statement that under no circumstances can a part of German territory be conceded to another power.

The nation is assured that the government will do everything possible to obtain restoration of "elementary human rights" for the German nationals evicted from the Ruhr and the Rhineland.

The history of passive resistance reviewed by the document, which sets forth that 180,000 men, women and children have been driven from their homes and firesides, while many millions no longer have any conception of personal liberty.

"More than 100 of our fellow citizens have been forced to lay down their lives," he continued, "while hundreds are still languishing in prisons."

As to the expense of the support given to the passive resistance the document cites the fact that only last week the assistance given in the Ruhr amounted to \$3,500,000,000,000 marks and that this would have to be doubled the following week. The cost of this assistance had made the stabilization of the currency impossible, it was pointed out.

"The entente now is able to give Germany peace," the document declared.

Neither France nor Belgium will receive formal notification of the German government's decision to call off passive resistance, it is stated, it being assumed in official quarters that the government's proclamation gives due notice of that action.

The text of the proclamation issued by President Ebert Wednesday and signed by all the members of the cabinet, follows in part:

"On January 11, French and Belgian troops occupied the German Ruhr territory against right and treaties. Since then the Ruhr and Rhineland have endured most grievous oppression. Over 180,000 Germans, men, women, old men and children, have been driven from their homes. For millions of Germans the idea of individual liberty no longer exists.

"The occupation was accompanied by numberless acts of violence. More than 100 of our countrymen lost their lives, hundreds of others are still lying in prisons. Sentiments of justice and patriotism were stirred by the illegality of the invasion. The population refused to work under foreign bayonets. The whole German people is grateful for that fidelity to the German cause and steadfastness that stood the test of the hardest times.

"The government of the reich undertook to watch over its distressed compatriots as far as it was able. There was thus an ever-increasing drain upon the resources of the reich. The funds in aid of the Ruhr and Rhineland last week reached the sum of three quadrillion five hundred trillion marks, and an estimate of at least double that amount was foreseen for the present week.

"The former production of the Ruhr and the Rhineland ceased, and the economic life in occupied and annexed Germany became disorganized. It is most seriously to be feared that, should the same line of action as hitherto be proceeded with, the maintenance of a regular currency, the maintenance of economic life and the loyalty of the German people to the fatherland would be impossible."

FARM RELIEF BEING CONSIDERED

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE AND CABINET DISCUSSES FREIGHT RATE REDUCTION AND TARIFF.

WASHINGTON—Various proposals for prompt relief of the country's wheat farmers were given earnest consideration Tuesday by President Coolidge and his cabinet. Eminent study and information on the subject, however, was decided before any definite action is taken by the government, and the president arranged to receive a delegation of farmers and bankers from the Ninth Federal reserve district at the White House Thursday.

Secretary Wallace laid before the cabinet a report on the wheat situation at home and abroad, suggested a 25 per cent reduction in freight rates and the establishment by the government of an agricultural export commission or corporation with broad powers.

It was also suggested that tariff rates on wheat be increased to 45 cents a bushel, but both proposals to lower freight rates and raise duties contained certain features which were said to have brought some objections by administration officials.

Secretary Wallace, in presenting a resume of the domestic and world wheat situation, declared the government had a very definite responsibility not only to wheat farmers but to the farmer in general, first, because the farmer cannot hope to have the general prosperity it desires until fair prices are obtained between agricultural industry and labor are restored, and, second, because the government itself is in part responsible for the difficulties under which the farmers are now working.

Attention must be given to the condition of agriculture as a whole," Mr. Wallace said. "The wheat situation is but one symptom of a generalized and serious trouble. The real problem is to re-establish fair ratios between agriculture and other things."

Secretary Wallace declared he had little faith in the efficacy of arbitrary price fixing of any crop, because even if it should afford temporary help, it would almost certainly within a short time, make conditions worse for the farmer. The buying and holding of a large part of crop might be of temporary benefit but until production of that crop was controlled, it would aggravate the situation.

Insofar as American exporters of agricultural products find themselves at a disadvantage in dealing with foreign countries because exchange favors foreign competitors, Mr. Wallace believed they would be helped by a government agency which would establish easier credit conditions on American purchases. "Freight rates on agricultural products are altogether higher than agriculture can afford to pay at the present time," he said.

"The railroads must not be crippled, but a reduction of at least 25 per cent in freight rates, especially on agricultural export commodities, should be brought about in some way without further delay. The entire structure of freight rates should be analyzed.

"If, as it seems, we admit ourselves to be on a permanently higher scale of industrial wages and consequently higher cost of production in industry as well as agriculture, a normal relationship can be restored by bringing agricultural prices up to somewhere near the level of other prices. The hopeful prospect of accomplishment by the government of an agricultural export commission corporation with broad powers."

Hicks Randleman Hurt, Hicks Randleman, received quite painful, although not serious, injuries while participating in the cavalry wrestling match at the Round-Up grounds Wednesday afternoon. Hicks grabbed his man, but in pulling him from his horse lost his own balance and went down under his intended victim. He is hobbling around at a disadvantage, but will be all right in a day or two.

PREVENTS MEETING OF LEGISLATURE

OKLAHOMA GOVERNOR DISEMBERS OKLAHOMA SOLONS TAKE FIGHT TO COURTS.

OKLAHOMA CITY—Undaunted by their defeat Wednesday by military forces of the state, who drove them from the capitol after they had assembled, and filed notice of their meeting with the secretary of state, members of the lower house of the Oklahoma legislature prepared Wednesday night for the next move in their attempt to meet and consider the official acts of Governor J. S. Walton.

Despite the fact that 66 members, more than a majority, were dispersed by national guardmen when they gathered at noon Wednesday before the barred doors of the house chamber at the capitol, the legislators contended Wednesday night that the house—formerly was convened, and that is now in recess pending the call of the presiding officer.

A statement by Representative W. E. Disney, a leader in the assembly, declared that the proceedings at the statehouse constituted a meeting of the house, notwithstanding its dispersal under military action of Governor Walton.

In a statement McBea made public which he declared the official journal of the house of representatives, it details the brief action which terminated in the clearance of the capitol corridors by the military.

"Prevented from meeting or even convening, the house members Wednesday night pinned their hopes for protection against the military authorities upon the efforts of a legislative committee which is preparing court proceedings to mark the next stage in the conflict.

"That there would be no immediate attempt to assemble again in defiance of martial law regulation was the promise made late Wednesday by house leaders to Adm. Gen. Baird H. Harkness, observant participant that the solons would await a court ruling before essaying another assembly.

Representative W. E. Disney, chairman of the legal committee, said Wednesday night that court proceedings could not get under way before morning. He refused to say what form the action might take, or whether it would be instituted in the supreme court or the district court.

It is expected, however, that an injunction will be sought against Governor Walton, with the possibility that the national guard will be made party to the suit.

Attorney General George F. Short told "Newspapermen" that "several types of legal action might be filed under existing laws. He added that he did not know up to express the nature of proceedings, he said, would determine the place of filing the 'journal of the house,' designed to show that the session was regular. It is expected to be made the basis for a call and that it was dispersed the suit.

Marriage License Issued—A marriage license was issued on Saturday, September 22 to W. H. Van Natta and Miss Beulah Mahoney, both of Payette.

Collins-Richmond—Louis Clinton Collins and Mrs. Julia E. Richmond, both of Boise, were married on Tuesday, September 25th at high noon in the Methodist parsonage, by Rev. G. A. Taggart. Mr. and Mrs. Collins left immediately after the ceremony for Spokane where they will spend a few weeks before returning to Boise where they will make their home.

Club—Mrs. W. B. Rice entertained the L. L. club Tuesday afternoon at her home on West Court street. There were three tables at bridge and the club prize was won by Mrs. R. P. McAuley, while Mrs. Law Waters received the guest prize. Dainty refreshments were served by the hostess.

H. C. Grewold left Thursday for San Diego, California, called there by the sickness of his mother. He is being accompanied by Mrs. G. G. Grewold, Mrs. G. G. Grewold and Mrs. G. G. Grewold.

WEISER'S NINTH ROUND-UP ATTRACTS LARGE CROWDS

This City Extends Hearty Welcome To Visitors—Despite Inclement Weather Wednesday's Attendance Up To Previous First Days.

For the ninth successive year the people of Weiser extend outstretched arms and with smiles that never seem to fade, bid our Round-Up and Harvest Carnival visitors a hearty welcome. Each succeeding year we have tried to make the entertainment a little better and each year the crowds have gone away feeling they had received their money's worth and proclaiming Weiser's rodeo as good as the best. We have tried to make this year no exception to the rule and we hope the big show will come up to your highest expectations.

From a purely financial standpoint the annual round-up has never been a great success, but it is a season our business men have set aside for play. At this time when business cares are to be thrown aside and genuine good fellowship is the goal. For three days we will all try to forget the depressing times we have passed through; the discouragements of life and the little troubles which take the joy out of living and turn loose for a few good times. For three days the belongs to our guests and nothing will be too good for them. We want you to have a good time and want you to help us have a good time.

As special attractions we present three world's champions in their class and visitors are promised some real thrills. Yakima Canutt, who not only took the world's champion title, but who won the Roosevelt gold medal as the best all-around buckaroo, will again be the stellar attraction. He has hundreds of friends and admirers in and near Weiser who have always admired his horsemanship and his clean sportsmanship. There is also Tomany Grimes—everybody knows Tomany—who has earned his right to the title of world's champion steer roping. He has always been a favorite in Weiser. Lloyd Sanders, the champion bulldogger, is also on the ground and will demonstrate his ability at this perilous sport. In addition to the champions there will also be any number of celebrities who have won distinction here in former years or who have made records at Pendleton or Cheyenne.

A round-up would not be a success without its quota of Indians, and there is on hand a band of Umavillas who will seek out in war paint and feathers and give us a few thrills such as only redskins can. They are peccable and harmless, however, and their wild orgies will be only make-believe.

Once again, on behalf of the Round-Up management and the business men of Weiser we extend you a hearty welcome. May your stay be pleasant as we know it will be to extend your hospitality and minister to your needs and pleasures.

Big Crowd Attends—Despite inclement weather Wednesday's attendance at the Round-Up and Harvest Carnival got away to a good start yesterday.

The crowd which passed through the gates at the Round-Up grounds in the afternoon, was estimated at 4000 and this is equal to the attendance at any of the previous shows.

The weather God so far has not been good to Weiser. It started to rain Tuesday and there have been intermittent showers ever since. During the afternoon yesterday at the grounds, besides the rain, there was a cold wind which made it very uncomfortable for the spectators as well as the contestants in the arena. Despite this, the majority of the crowd stayed through until the regatta race was held which was the day's performance.

The Round-Up proper, in which 1000-1500 to expect the thrills of

PAUL SOUTHARD GIVEN DIVORCE

HUSBAND OF WOMAN BLUE BEARD GAINS HIS FREEDOM IN LOS ANGELES.

LOS ANGELES—Paul V. Southard, formerly of the United States navy, was granted a divorce in the Los Angeles superior court here Wednesday from Lyda Southard, convicted in Twin Falls, Idaho, of second degree murder for slaying a former husband. Conviction of a felony was the ground of divorce.

Mrs. Lyda Southard, young and pretty, was called "Idaho's woman bluebeard" at the time of her trial and conviction at Twin Falls, in 1921 of the murder of her fourth husband, Edward Meyer. It was alleged she poisoned Meyer to obtain \$10,000 insurance and that she also poisoned three husbands before Meyer and one brother-in-law.

The prosecution contended that Mrs. Southard gave poison to Meyer while he was a patient at a Twin Falls hospital recovering from an attack of typhoid fever. Mr. Southard visited her husband one afternoon and soon thereafter he took dangerously ill and died within a few days.

First Mrs. Southard married Robert C. Dooley. He died as also did his brother, Edward. Next she married William G. McHaffie and he, too, died within a short time.

Harlen C. Lewis was her next husband and he, too, lived but a short time. Then came Edward Meyer and it was for his death that she was convicted and sentenced to the Idaho state prison for from 10 years to life.

Upon the death of Meyer his relatives became suspicious and had his body exhumed. Traces of poison were found and the authorities took a hand in the affair and exhumed the bodies of all her former husbands and her brother-in-law, Edward Dooley. Poison was found in each instance.

After the death of Meyer in the Twin Falls hospital, Mrs. Southard moved to California, where she was married to Paul V. Southard, petty officer in the United States navy. They met in Los Angeles, were married in San Francisco and moved to Honolulu.

While in Honolulu, Mrs. Southard was placed under arrest for Idaho officials. She was brought back to stand trial.

This jury on the Southard case was out 23 hours before bringing in a verdict of guilty. In view of the fact that she was sentenced to serve a sentence of from 10 years to life for the murder of Meyer, authorities of the state of Idaho did not press the complaints against her in connection with the deaths of the four other men.

for our people. In the interest of Germany's future, as in that of the Rhineland and the Ruhr, this danger must be removed. In order to preserve the life of the people and the state we are today faced with the dire necessity of relinquishing the struggle.

"We realize that in doing so we are calling upon inhabitants of the occupied territories to make sacrifices of a moral character still greater than those in which they are engaged up until now. Their struggle has been heroic, their self-control incomparable. We shall never forget what the occupied territories achieved and what has been given up by those who preferred to leave their native country rather than be disloyal to the fatherland."

WOODS MUST DIE SAYS UTAH COURT

FORMER BOISE LAWYER FACES DEATH AS RESULT OF WIFE MURDER.

SALT LAKE—The supreme court of Utah has affirmed the district court, which found Omar R. Woods guilty of first degree murder for killing his wife in their apartments on January 9, 1922.

The state held Woods covered up the murder by placing the body on a bed soaked with benzine, which he fired.

Neighbors above battered on the door. Woods opened it and fell outward, telling later a story of having been bound and gagged by robbers who had committed the murder.

Insurance policies, paying Woods \$10,000 in event of the death of Mrs. Woods by burning, suggested a motive.

In the supreme court, former Justice J. P. Alpheg of the supreme court of Idaho, who had known Woods in that state, conducted the appeal.

The decision concludes the case, unless a motion for a new trial should prevail. The case goes back to the district court and Woods will again be sentenced to be shot.

Woods Must Die is Decision—Omar R. Woods, whose conviction of the murder of his wife was upheld by the Utah supreme court Tuesday, was a man of a good deal of mystery in Boise, where he practiced law up to November, 1921, and in Idaho City, where for four years he was probate judge. No one in Boise remembers having known his wife. Lawyers who knew Woods recalled rumors that he did not live with her while he was here. He was a distant sort, they say, and while he maintained an office in the Sonna building, he had little practice.

Persons who recall his career in Idaho City say that he was addicted to drugs. He showed signs of brilliance but was eccentric, his name was often connected with women of the town, and he seemed to shun men.

He built up some slight political influence, however, for in 1921 he received an appointment to the internal revenue office at Salt Lake and left Boise.

Charles Glasby Guilty—Charles Glasby, arrested by federal and county officers after an island moonshiner's hunt in the Snake River had been raided and a huge distilling outfit confiscated, was found guilty Monday by a jury in the federal court. This was his second trial, the first trial resulting in a jury disagreement.

Defense Counsel C. H. Edwards endeavored to clear his client of the charge by introducing evidence to show that the outfit did not belong to Glasby, but to another man who has not been arrested. The second jury, however, found him guilty on all counts in the information, which charged possession of property designed for the manufacture of liquor, manufacture of liquor and possession of liquor.

Assistant United States Attorney William H. Langstroff prosecuted the case—Boise Capitol News.

Mrs. Eva Hansen returned Sunday from an extended visit with relatives in Cardston, Alberta, Canada, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. H. J. Matkin and two grandsons, Lamonte and Grant Matkin.

WATER TROUBLE BEING CONSIDERED

PROPOSALS FOR PROMPT RELIEF OF THE COUNTRY'S WHEAT FARMERS.

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the envelope of bills was good. So
she repeated Mr. Penfield's will
in a case.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS
FOR SALE—Registered Dues
Cunningham's "Red Hot"
FOR RENT—Five rooms
FOR RENT—Furnished house
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Morning worship, 11 a. m.
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Special Range Sale!
A Set of Community Silver
FREE With each Round Oak Range sold from
September 26th to October 6. You pay
no more for your range and receive a
set of Community 20 year Silverware free.
SEE OUR WINDOWS
Wulff Hdw. & Imp. Co.
WEISER, IDAHO

The Custard Cup
An important detail
The servant question
The envelope of bills was good.
Yes, We Buy Grain
or store it or advance you money on grain stored with us in the
old St. Stone warehouses.
M. P. TONNING
GENERAL MANAGER
MIDVALE CAMBRIDGE WEISER

LEGAL NOTICES
NOTICE TO CREDITORS
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You Can't Fool Your Wife
"LEGAL NOTICE"
"LEGAL NOTICE"
"LEGAL NOTICE"

You Can't go Wrong
If You Ask For HAZELNUT Bread
GET IT HERE OR AT YOUR GROCERS
Weiser Bakery Company
Address: 211 Broadway Bldg., Weiser, Idaho

Meet Us At Our New Store
35 Steps From Post Office
After October 1st
Sambson
Everything in Music
THE HAPPY TO SHOW YOU STORE

Poultry Prices Are Still Good
We Sell Poultry SUPPLIES
Square Deal Poultry House
D. F. FOSKET, Prop.

Electrical Work
FULL LINE OF ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT. EDISON MAZDA LAMPS.
Wulff Hardware & Implement Co.