THE WEISER SEMI-WEEKLY SIGNAL

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. WEISER, WASHINGTON COUNTY, IDAHO, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1905. NO. 38

A BIG DEAL ON TAP FOR TIMMEN-ST. CLAIRS

The Eureka Group, Ten Claims, Owned by Dan Cotter, About to Change Ownership.

The Thunder Mt. News of the 6th inst. says there is a deal on tap for the group of claims known as the Eureka group, consisting of ten claims and owned by Dan Cotter. Some of these claims lay between and adjacent to the Bonanzaville and Savoy mines. It is one of the best locations in the camp and shows up well under the amount of development done.

The road seems to be the ground and Mr. Cotter has available quarters for a small force of men which will be put to work as soon as necessary papers can be filed.

Mr. Gibbs will hold a large interest in the property and is to have charge of the work. There is no stock for sale. The formalities in the mess on in the Standard property. This is on the same vein south from here offices from the Golden group.

Preparing for Great Battle.

TOKIO, Feb. 16.—[Via Fusan.]—Most of the headquarters of the Japanese army at Mukden is under the ground. Thousands of Russian cavalry and artillery have advanced along the right bank of the Hun river on Tuesday night. Here has fallen back. Before the arrival of the Japanese detachments sent to Sinkaipo them the Russians began entrenching northward. The Japanese pressed them toward Haycken, inflicting some damage. Russian artillery, hiding up a position in the neighborhood of Wan Chiliengpeng, covered Haycken at the center.

Russians Urban Back.

MUKDEN, Feb. 16.—The Japanese began a heavy cannonading Tuesday afternoon on the Russian right flank and the firing continued all through today. It is thought the Japanese are preparing for a general attack. The Russian guns are replying.

Mrs. Grant's Father.

A large audience greeted Mrs. Ida M. Tarbell, of Titusville, on the Methodist church Thursday evening, and listened with the closest attention to her lecture on "Young Abraham Lincoln." Her subject, treated in her inimitable style, was the early life of the great emancipator, and the lecture was replete with interesting incidents and humorous anecdotes. Mrs. Tarbell is a Pennsylvania Chautauqua lecturer, and the Idaho Intercollegiate Oratorical association secured a rare treat when it secured her services for the evening.—Boise Statesman.

Temperance Victories.

The stands will toward the last of the year will be valuable of slaves and are. The appearance on the platform is dignified, but without that stiffness and pomposity that more often mars than embellishes the manners of the professional lecturer. For more than twenty years Mrs. Tarbell has been engaged in the lecturing work, traveling from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Lakes to the Gulf, and speaking to thousands of people in the interest of American home and against the rum traffic. Several new names were added to the membership of the local union at the close of the meeting.

Crescent Mapleine

Mapleine Recipe Book

JOHN NEW MAPLE SYRUP

A 2 oz. bottle is sufficient to make 2 gallons of maple syrup.

To introduce it to you, grocer cost not know it) we will mail to you a 2-oz. bottle for sale in Idaho, for 25 cent. Mfg. Co., Seattle, U. S. A.

BUY A Crescent Incubator

INCUBATOR

Hatched in every part of the world. Write for catalogue.

C. N. Moore, Idaho Weiser, Idaho, Boise, Idaho

THEY SAID NOTHING

(Continued from page 1)

tion of the town and repairs of the present buildings and for the necessary distress for the new addition.

A bill has been introduced in both houses to curb the authority of the prison warden and indefinitely make a few other salary raises although the latter appear quite moderate.

The bill providing for appointment of prison physicians by the board as at present, his salary to be fixed by the board. The following salaries are provided: Warden, increased from $1,800 to $1,500 a year; deputy warden, from $1,000 to $1,200; chief clerk, fixed at $1,200 (grants reduced from $900 to $840 a year; traveling guard, fixed at $1,000; turnkeys are fixed at $1,000 each.

Some new bills introduced in the Senate:

By Nugent—Prohibiting a county-national-secondary excepting rural roads that construct lines to the state from taxation for 10 years.

By Wagner—Providing for retention in the use of water when there is a shortage.

By Hart—Giving right of way over state lands to government canals, etc.

By Wilkie—Makes "incontinuity" ally for two years' standing a cause for divorce.

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C. N. Moore, Idaho Weiser, Idaho, Boise, Idaho

shall be divided are now mostly developed except about-position of a mile-lip of the qualified electors of said county, and a two-thirds vote of a similar election called for that purpose; no proposition to be submitted oftener than once in four years.

LAUNDRY NOTICE.

Cashes will send out laundry from hours stand every Monday. 12tf

—That Tinkling is the Cheese.

One minute after taking One Minute Cough Cure the tickling in the throat is gone. It acts in the throat—not the stomach. Harmless—safe for children. Sold by all druggists.

For Sale.

Sixty choice retarded lots in East Weiser 50x100 feet, $65 to $120 each. F. Hills. 1tf

Recovery from an Electrifying Accident

by Chamberlain's Pain Balm.

The attorney of Chamberlain's Pain Balm is the relief of rheumatism is being demonstrated daily. Peter Peterson, of Argyle, Tex., says that Chamberlain's Pain Balm gave him the most permanent relief from rheumatism in the back when everything else failed, and he would not be without it. For sale by all druggists.

Are You Restless at Night.

And harassed by a bad cough? Use Ballard's Horehound Syrup, it will assure you sound sleep and relief from coughing. Mrs. Jas. Hall, of Pittsburg, Pa., says she was troubled with a cough for years and could get no relief from any remedy she used, but Ballard's Horehound Syrup gave her immediate relief. For sale by all druggists.

State Crop Issue.

Just opened third floor west of Boise's Capitol hotel. Duff Lowell & Co. Potatoes 30 cents a bowl. 37 cents at 10 lb. 40 lb.

[illegible]

Hanks Brothers

(Continued from Page 8.)

the bronco.

That there was ultimate breaks by Hostetler's nothing towards

"Not for 1270.2 the asked Duff Lowell. In a jiffy.

She opened her eyes and looked up. The river trunk by right attorney; the

He stood his ears.

forward outlook. Hostetler, and trotted in the way Hanks's. A group, headed Hank, looked off, fired their r-pod at Otter, but, through the haze and the calm of the big elk was far too far range to do any damage. Hostetler kept there way. It was wide set strained with the desolation of country, wild sage, [illegible] bear, squirrel, coyote, fine, monotonous and other animals.

"Are we afraid we said, speaking slowly, like a child. "I know. Those are soldiers. Let us ride on." Hostetler closed her eyes again, and was lulled in the motion.

He did not speak at once, but she felt her arm, which was under and caught her, shake with a little tremor and sang her child.

"Because," she breathed, her eyes still closed, "because I feel when I am with you as I never felt before."

"They would have found us—as" he said, with satisfaction.

He lifted her head to [illegible] and, the noise coming back to her ears "Help me out."

Hostetler drew its splintered door. Prize," he called her to the ground. It was a night of [illegible] intensity and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

THE WEISER SIGNAL

W. S. HARDING, Manager

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy 1 month, in advance..... $ .25
One copy one year, in advance..... 2.00
Saturday or Wednesday issue only.. 1.00

ADVERTISING RATES.

Display matter, $1.00 per inch per month. Reading notices, 10 cents per line each insertion. Local notices, 5 cents per line each insertion. Special rates for long time contracts. Obituaries, resolutions of respect, cards of thanks, etc., 5 cents per line. Legal notices at legal rates.

Entered at the postoffice at Weiser, Idaho, as second class matter.

NO FREE PAPERS TO ADVERTISERS!

February 22, 1902.

The last Democratic legislature passed a reapportionment bill raising considerably of the Idaho legislature from 48 to 55. Increasing it by ten. The Statesman, the republican paper, the republican party, the speakers went into a redistricting spree of cannon over-ture: bombs were fired towards heaven and guns rolled in well-reigned honor at "republican trickery" and "democratic unprincipled lobbery!" etc., etc. There is now a bill before the legislature changing the number, ate from 55 to 56, raising it eight members, and not a word of horror is heard from the cannon or bombs shocked before,—and yet, raising the membership eight is just four more than we are raising it by now.

REDISTRICTING BILL.

A tender on the Capital site can be Signal to publish the bill recently before in the Oregon legislature establish the Malheur irrigation district. The bill is as follows:

Summarized it is as follows:

Section one brings the district and Weiser the power.

Section two gives the objects of the district to be the promotion of irrigation and the clearing of the way for a government system by purchasing or condemning existing water rights within the district.

Section three gives the district the right of eminent domain—to condemn private property for public use.

Section four gives the district power to issue bonds up to the amount of $250,000 for the purpose of purchasing or condemning existing water rights.

Section five provides that the bonds may be registered or coupon, not less than $100 nor more than $1,000 each, to run not more than 40 years, and to bear not more than 6 per cent interest.

Section six relates to bonds.

Section seven provides the amount of the sale of said bonds and the advertisement to sealed bids.

Section eight gives the district power to levy and collect taxes on all

Don't Take Chances

Cold Weather is Coming

Get a Chest Protector

At Since at

CHURCHILL DRUG & PAINT CO.

rent and personal property to pay three bonds, interest and the cost of carrying out the provisions of the act.

Section nine includes that all taxes shall be levied upon the basis of the county assessment and shall be assessed on the county tax rolls for collection by the county collector and provides for sale of property same as other delinquent taxes.

Section ten provides that at the end of twenty years the levy shall be increased sufficiently over running expenses and interest that the irrigation shall in the ten years following amount to one-twentieth of the bonds.

The next three sections define the duties of the officers of the district.

Section fourteen provides that bonds shall be issued only when a special election first in the district and a majority vote in favor of said bonds and only such amount of bonds limited as may be voted. Electoral qualifications to be the same as the general Oregon election laws.

Section fifteen declares an emergency giving to the government clearing act under $1,000,000 for its government grants.

The Signal is not entirely connected with the claims of the "water richter" referred to in the measure to hazard an opinion as to the real merits of the act as fulfilling the alleged objects of "clearing away obstacles" to the government project.

The bill should have provided a real estate holder's qualification for voters upon the question of bonding, and in this connect, at least. It is bad, because all registration qualifications of voters of a special character, are dangerous and should be avoided. Under the present law for no person to register as voting bonds upon themselves, and all of the bill as drafted—to the contrary notwithstanding—is dangerous legislation for the benefit of power, now, or water possessors, of water rights, this permits them to control the support of transient and uninterested parties to carry an election for the issuance of bonds. At any rate the people within the district have a vote as the matter of bonding or purchasing the water rights referred to, and ought to control the operation and effect of the measure for location, quality and the good interest of the lands within the district, and, unless the creation by the Legislature of the district itself is a guarantee of favorable conditions" of a grossly shifting nature.

AN AWFUL ARRAIGNMENT.

Readers of the papers noted how one Pearson, apostle of the Mormon church and editor of the church organ in Salt Lake, hurried to Boise to the aid of Bishop Wood, of the Mormon church at the same place. They will also remember the expletive heaped by which the Capital News on the one hand and the Democratic party on the other, being the only publications willing for newspapers, that Pearson should be allowed to testify before the Senate committee. Now imagine the Democratic party publicly casting people of all shades in the Republican party, to the mercies of Joseph Smith and Brigham Young, and you have a picture of the Democratic party as the News-Democrat has taken to bowing.

Bottom even swallow the moment of the sale of said bonds and the free advertisement to sealing of sealed proposals.

Section eight gives the district power to issue and collect taxes on all lands and personal property to pay the bonds, interest and the cost of carrying out the provisions of the act.

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working is the midst of common men —hosted by their fellows, and only saved from despair at the sins of the world by that consoling, self-conscious pride which comes from the belief that the world would fall to pieces were it not for the efforts of one.

What is a fair suggestion of his character as he would have it understood?

By contrast, other human weaknesses are betrayed by their unworthy. The other people whose Adam spoke this Divine Parson's blasphemy—all are entitled to his reprobation in some degree, and particularly is that one of the school of gentlemen who will not accept as divine the immorality of the present hierarchy of the Mormon church. Such a man, Pearson calls a traitor.

If that let us see this Pearson—Charles W., Pearson—as he really is. He has committed treason to the government which he swore to support.

He lied to obtain amnesty from President Cleveland.

He pretended that his latest plural wife we ved to him in 1902; in reality he had taken another man's divorced wife and married her in polygamy, posing for his own third of about 1896.

Cleveland would not willingly have granted amnesty for polygamy, and yet by treachery Pearson secured it.

Pearson promised to afterward obey the law; he has not done so.

He practiced to teach obedience to the law; he has taught evasion, bribe and perjury.

He quotes rum, and protests that he is like to one of "the fallen fixed of Hope."

He is a knavish liar, and yet he pretends to speak for the "all-Truth."

He is a miserable, fiend-like hypocrite, and yet pretends to the name of God: and practicing in the spirit of the devil himself.

He is utter of stolen and evil.

He is a traitor to his country, and would pollute unsullied hearts and minds of young people his plural carnage is influence of "the love of God and man."

His oath to this his adopted country, we only made that from which his oath of allegiance to which he is a traitor.

His reasings brought him to this position in its cruder days, when he bore his humble but honest part in reclaiming the land from native sterility to populated dignity.

C. W. Williams has taken a stock in his native part in Weiser's growth and county development, those his actions make his figure now become if not, cannot, stand stock. His seriously hostile meanings to modify the blessedly and intensely have caused him to suggest to a way back to plural carnage and polygamous cohabitation—treason to God, treason to Government, treason to the men and women who are self-sacrificingly lived it in the past,—and treason to the innocent girls who are being improperly dragged into a harlot.

His pluralism, his attempt to introduce the system into the United States, his efforts to secure the repeal of the anti-bigamy law, his attempt to secure the repeal of the anti-polygamy law, his attempt to secure the repeal of the anti-polygamy law, his attempt to secure the repeal of the anti-polyg